

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**l and ł**

Examples of l

melá'      *his/her hand*

ele          *branch*

1. tseli          *gopher, arctic ground squirrel*

2. łá              *really*

3. ełígé          *one*

4. det'ełe       *red*

5. belđié'       *mushroom*

6. eshúł         *rosehips*

7. esyéhłígé'   *my spouse*

8. łidí           *tea*

9. łāt'ē         *it is*

10. łédedłini   *confluence*

Examples of ł

łūge   *fish*

łólá   *five*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**l and ł**

Examples of l

melá'      *his/her hand*  
 ele         *branch*

Examples of ł

łūge         *fish*  
 łólá         *five*

1. Tseli łá medege łedíh.  
*Gophers are really tasty for him.*
2. Eshúł det'ełe ełígé' yenesłine.  
*I want one red rosehip.*
3. Łidí łát'ā.  
*That's tea.*
4. Tū Łídlini ts'í' āyāł.  
*He's walking to Ross River.*
5. Belđié' łólá esyénñleh.  
*Give me five mushrooms.*
6. Łūge néstłōni tésełā'.  
*He pulled out lots of fish.*
7. Nelá' nelābādé' déđendī.  
*Put your hands in your mitts.*
8. Kułahúné' melah łénādāł.  
*Finally his brother-in-law came back.*
9. Melá' yéh ełe łhgas.  
*He broke the branches in two with his hands.*
10. Ī men tah łūge gúlīn-am?  
*Are there fish in that lake?*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### t and t'

#### examples of t

tū'            *water*

túde         *duck*

1. dénést'ēdze

2. téskóse

3. mest'ie

4. tenúsdíé'

5. eṭene

6. tésdūdze

7. tésdlūne

8. eht'út

9. késtāne

10. gānestān

#### examples of t'

met'agé'     *its wings*

t'ū'            *milk*

*black, dark coloured*

*chipmunk*

*marten*

*muskrat*

*trail*

*yellow legs, sandpiper*

*ants*

*baby*

*stranger*

*I see*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**t and t'**

Examples of t

tū'            *water*  
 túde         *duck*

Examples of t'

met'agé'     *its wing*  
 t'ū'           *milk*

1. Téskose dechen t'á̄t néde'.  
*A chipmunk lives in that log.*
2. Mest'íe dénéht'éhi dénhhīna?  
*How many martens did you trap?*
3. Tenusdié' ten kāge gégoch.  
*The muskrat is walking on the ice.*
4. Tot'ine etene kah gēdét̄.  
*The Tlingits are walking on the trail.*
5. Tésdūdze tādet'ē men mā génā'ás.  
*There were three yellowlegs by the lake.*
6. Tésdlūne nétlōn dé, getsēhlī'.  
*If there are lots of ants, you all leave them alone.*
7. Késtāne ts'ā̄t det'ele yéh gānestān.  
*I saw a stranger with a red hat.*
8. T'ēs gēt'e'.  
*It's like charcoal.*
9. T'ós esyénntí.  
*Give me the oar.*
10. Etene kā mest'íe tādet'e esghát̄ tēdēhyes.  
*Three martens ran away from me down the trail.*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### k and k'

#### Examples of k

kón        *fire*

kedā        *moose*

1. k'úá

*pika, whistler*

2. mekue

*its den*

3. mekēgé'

*its tracks*

4. mek'ásé'

*its windpipe*

5. ek'ah

*fat*

6. dek'eshe

*grayling*

7. mek'úné'

*its fish eggs*

8. mek'os

*its neck*

9. gék'ale

*willow ptarmigan*

10. kē

*moccasins*

#### Examples of k'

k'ī        *birch*

dek'ale        *white*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**k and k'**

Examples of k

kón            *fire*  
kedā            *moose*

Examples of k'

k'ī            *birch*  
dek'ale        *white*

1. Mā kón dáhk'āna?  
*Who made the fire?*
2. Kue ts'í' mekēgé' gúlīn.  
*Its tracks went to its den.*
3. Kedā mek'ah néstlon.  
*That is a lot of fat on that moose.*
4. Gés'ale désts'egi ghólí dūlā gegānestān.  
*I hear willow ptarmigan, but I don't see them.*
5. Dek'é' kā kē dédēt'éts.  
*He put his moccasins on his feet.*
6. Mekóqā kúhdegé se'ān.  
*His house is up there.*
7. K'it'ūdzé' lāneyéh dāk'ale.  
*Birchbark is really white.*
8. Kúk'ā kéh lidí' teset'īdī nedenkk'ā'.  
*Pick up your cup with all that tea inside.*
9. Et'āne kah k'úk néstlōni nenesla'.  
*I put a book on lots of leaves.*
10. Kulāhúné' dekóqā ts'í' nedésja'.  
*Finally he went back to his house.*

## Kaska Listening Exercise

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### ts and ts'

#### Examples of ts

tsá'        *beaver*  
 metsié'    *its offspring, its young*

#### Examples of ts'

ts'á'        *plate*  
 dests'ī     *twigs*

1. tseli        *gopher*
2. ts'ustsē    *balsam, alpine fir*
3. mets'ié'     *his/her small intestine*
4. sósk'ā      *gray jay, whiskey jack*
5. tesk'īze     *chickadee*
6. géstsīh      *robin*
7. denēts'īhe   *yellow*
8. ts'edāsnāne *bee*
9. ts'odze      *fly*
10. tahtsá'      *beetle, bug*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**ts and ts'**

Examples of ts

tsá'            *beaver*  
 metsié'        *its offspring*

Examples of ts'

ts'édāne      *child*  
 ts'á'            *plate*

1. Tsátsén nenzen-am?  
*Do you like beaver meat?*
2. Mida ts'í, "Ts'ūstsēt'ūdzé' dent'in-am?" yendi'.  
*Ask Mida if she has some balsam bark.*
3. Ts'edāsnāne ests'ahdé' kā seda'.  
*There's a bee on my hat.*
4. Ts'édāne sedêhts'eg-am?  
*Children, do you hear me?*
5. Ts'édé' esyénñhtsūs.  
*Give me a blanket.*
6. Tahtsá' denāts'íhe ts'á' kā seda'.  
*There is a yellow bug on the plate.*
7. Tsátsié' shobāt'ūdzé' négétsets.  
*Baby beavers eat poplar bark.*
8. Tsuhél kāge tseli lánéyéh néstlōn.  
*There are lots of gophers on top of the hill.*
9. Detsū ts'í' guts'ít.  
*He lied to his grandmother.*
10. Ts'odze ts'ūstsēdzéh tah kedetsétl.  
*The fly was stuck in the balsam pitch.*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**tl and tl'**

Examples of tl

tlī'            *dog*  
 estlê         *my sister-in-law*

Examples of tl'

itl'ét        *low bush cranberries*  
 destl'ede    *squirrel*

1. tsūstlê         *northern harrier hawk*
2. dēt'ēse        *blue*
3. metl'edzé'     *his/her gallbladder*
4. gutl'és         *dirt*
5. gedesdēt      *they went*
6. nédetl'ít      *it's raining*
7. tsātl'áh        *valley*
8. néstlōn        *lots, many*
9. tl'ōge          *grass*
10. ētl            *salt*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**tl and tl'**

Examples of tl

tlī'            dog  
 estlê        my sister-in-law

Examples of tl'

itl'ét    low-bush cranberries  
 destl'ede    squirrel

1. Tlūł detl'ese yéh tlī' kenehtl'ūn.  
*He tied up the dog with a blue rope.*
2. Itl'ét néstlōni genebé'.  
*They picked lots of cranberries.*
3. Destl'ede tl'ōge tah kwanātl'a'.  
*The squirrel ran back into the grass.*
4. Tsatl'áh degé āyāł.  
*He's walking up the valley.*
5. Mīł néstlōni desetl'ūn.  
*She set lots of snares.*
6. Ī tlâ chá nédetl'it.  
*After that it rained.*
7. Ētl kegedésdētł.  
*They went for salt.*
8. Estlê gutl'és dét'in.  
*My sister had some powder (from birch fungus).*
9. Tsūstlê estlê yénñhtéh.  
*Give the harrier hawk to my sister-in-law.*
10. Tl'ūł néstlōni yéh ezés kutseduhtl'ū dege.  
*There is a lot of rope to tie the moose hide with.*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### ch and ch'

#### Examples of ch

chosh      *down feathers*

meché'      *its tail*

1. mechāgé'      *its ribs*
2. mechené'      *its back*
3. tahch'ōhe      *red-winged blackbird*
4. meché'      *its tail*
5. dechen      *stick*
6. eschúé'      *my son*
7. dech'ét      *tough*
8. chā      *rain*
9. ēch      *shirt*
10. ch'ásh      *fish hook*

#### Examples of ch'

dech'ue      *porcupine*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**ch and ch'**

Examples of ch

chosh        *down feathers*  
 meché'      *its tail*

Examples of ch'

dech'ue     *porcupine*

1. Ī kedāchhāgé' lā dánāchō'.  
*Those moose ribs are really big.*
2. Eschhā desk'eshechō' kah et'in.  
*My grandson is fishing for a big grayling.*
3. Eschuē' shetīn.  
*My son is sleeping.*
4. Dedi etsén lānéyéh dech'ét.  
*This met is really tough.*
5. Mā nedege ēch ikéda?  
*Who bought you a shirt?*
6. Dāhch'ah dechen yéh neyénitl'as.  
*Suddenly he hit him with a stick.*
7. Sas ts'íyōné'ché' sek'ás.  
*The bear bit the wolf on the tail.*
8. Yē et'ā? Tāch'ele et'ā? Tahch'ōhe et'ā?  
*What is it? Is it a kingfisher or a blackbird?*
9. Ī chosh yeneslīne estsí'adle' dege.  
*I want down feathers for my pillows.*
10. Chek'oh sehtsīn.  
*He made a mooseskin boat.*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### s and ts

#### Examples of s

sā            *sun*  
 sas            *bear*

#### Examples of ts

tsá'    *beaver*  
 metsié'    *its offspring*

1.    metsíghá'    *his/her hair*
2.    téskóse    *chipmunk*
3.    nussē    *fox*
4.    tseli    *gopher, arctic ground squirrel*
5.    kedätsén    *moose meat*
6.    estsets    *I'm eating*
7.    túhtseye    *loon*
8.    dih sede    *roughed grouse*
9.    séł    *gaff hook*
10.    etsey    *he/she is crying*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**s and ts**

Examples of s

sā            *sun*  
sas            *black bear*

Examples of ts

tsá'            *beaver*  
metsié'        *its offspring, young*

1.    Detsíghá' ne'óts.  
*She's washing her hair.*
2.    Métsū nussē selúh.  
*His grandmother snared a fox.*
3.    Tseli tl'utsen etsets.  
*The gopher is eating sage.*
4.    Men ts'í' túhtsehi etsey déstsek.  
*I heard the loon call on the lake.*
5.    Sęł yéh gēs tesestīn.  
*I caught salmon with a gaff hook.*
6.    Eschedle kedātsén yéh tsās yédé ētsét.  
*My younger brother ate moose meat and bear-roots.*
7.    Tseş dent'ás.  
*Cut firewood (with a saw).*
8.    Sa'ă tsá' ēł nenela' lî.  
*Long ago a beaver made a dam.*
9.    Eşahdi dāşyāł.  
*I'm going to go alone.*
10.  Łá so'ale tsá' detsí' degé dánelá'.  
*The beaver slowly raised its head.*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### z and dz

#### Examples of z

zas    *snow*

úze    *hawk*

1.    dénést'édze

*dark, black*

2.    gudzih

*caribou*

3.    gededzedzi

*mystery animal, jack*

4.    ústs'éze

*flying squirrel*

5.    kedāzēs

*moose hide*

6.    dzūdze

*bird*

7.    dekos sedéhhīn

*I caught a cold.*

8.    zódze

*small*

9.    dzídze

*berry*

10.    medédzé'

*his younger sister*

#### Examples of dz

mésdzih    *owl*

dzéh    *pitch*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**z and dz**

Examples of z

zas            snow  
 úze            hawk

Examples of dz

mésdzih      owl  
 dzéh          pitch

1.    “Dzohdie’ gùhchō’ dzéhhîn,” gíhdī.  
*They say Dzohdié’ killed the giant worm.*
2.    Denádzih tsá’ zódze dedesbīn.  
*There was a small beaver swimming from across the lake.*
3.    Dzúdzet’oh nédzéh̄tsīh.  
*We are making bird houses.*
4.    Kedāzēs dzenezen.  
*We want a moose hide.*
5.    Gudzih ehígé’ zelé’ dzéhhîn.  
*He only killed one caribou.*
6.    K’it’údze yéh k’ī usá’ nelá’.  
*She made a basket out of birch bark.*
7.    Mésgâ zōze mezēgi gudenést’ēdze.  
*The little raven’s mouth was black.*
8.    Dzídze kudzududéli.  
*Let’s all go pick berries.,*
9.    Dedédzē’ yéh zas kégīkeh.  
*He shoveled snow with his younger sister.*
10.    “Gededzedzi désts’egi,” nezen.  
*He wanted to hear a mystery animal.*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### h and gh

##### Examples of h

ham        *yes*  
 hos        *thorn*

##### Examples of gh

ghanje     *Canada goose*  
 nóghā     *wolverine*

1.    hih            *animal*
2.    metsíhhá'      *its brain*
3.    meghó'         *its nose*
4.    hés             *mountain*
5.    déhhīn         *she/he killed*
6.    kāghayé'      *roots*
7.    egháts         *she/he is carving*
8.    heyū dzídzé'   *gooseberries*
9.    gosghoshi      *soapberries*
10. hís            *raft*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**h and gh**

Examples of h

ham            yes  
 hos            thorn

Examples of gh

ghaje            *Canada goose*  
 nóghā            *wolverine*

1.    Kula hih hwă' lâgot.  
       *The animal is already coming close.*
2.    Tsá' meghó' gagáh se'ún.  
       *He shot the beaver on its nose.*
3.    Súguyā hās dene sejāni mīl t'āt nene'ān.  
       *Ságuyā put a stump in the old man's net.*
4.    Kulāhúné' hés kā ts'í tedzedes'āts.  
       *Finally we (two) went up the mountain.*
5.    Teyeli enhet!  
       *Hit drum!*
6.    Łáné gudeghos gusghoshi dzídze dzenebeh kúhyegé.  
       *It's really brushy where we pick soapberries.*
7.    Nóghā ghanje k'éh gétl'eh gólí meghát nānet'ak.  
       *The wolverine chased the goose, but it flew off.*
8.    Yē kā hís ehtsiha?  
       *Why was he building a raft?*
9.    Dekóhā hét tedela'.  
       *He put up the traps in the cabin.*
10.    Kāghaye yéh meghos nenihétl.  
       *He hit her once on the thigh with some tree roots.*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### l and dl

##### Examples of l

melá'      *his/her hand*

lidí'      *tea*

##### Examples of dl

dlūne      *mouse*

dlēze      *grizzly bear*

1.    tseli              *gopher*
2.    tsá'ēł             *beaver dam*
3.    metseddlé'       *its large intestine*
4.    dek'ale            *white*
5.    zeddlé'            *only*
6.    dzídzestsindle   *bog cranberry*
7.    desdele            *sucker fish*
8.    dahkáddlé'        *raspberries*
9.    elih                *he/she's dancing*
10.   łdłīni             *confluence*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**l and dl**

Examples of l

melá'        *his/her hand*  
 lidí'         *tea*

Examples of dl

dlūne        *mouse*  
 dlēze        *grizzly bear*

1.     Dlūs ēlūs.  
       *He was pulling a hide toboggan.*
2.     K'esk'ale lólá négélih.  
       *Five ptarmigan are dancing.*
3.     K'ide lūge lānet'ē tésela'.  
       *She pulled up four more fish again.*
4.     Kulāhúné' tsá'ēt kā āyāl.  
       *Finally he walked on the beaver dam.*
5.     Mechedle zelé' tahkádlé nebe'.  
       *His younger brother was the only one picking raspberries.*
6.     Melah tseli lólá' selúh.  
       *His brother-in-law snared five gophers.*
7.     Łānéyéh gedege dugudellah.  
       *It was hard for them.*
8.     Kusdlide lidí' sehbēts.  
       *It was no use for him to boil tea.*
9.     Desdene dzesdlu'.  
       *We just about starved.*
10.    Melá' det'ele já' dahkádlé' nebe' yéh.  
       *His hands were red from picking raspberries.*

**.Kaska Listening Exercises****Pelly Banks Dialect****e and ē**Examples of eetsén      *meat*ele      *branch*Examples of ēbēs      *knife*elēs      *lick*

1. megāné'      *his/her arm*
2. ts'ēdé'      *blanket*
3. nussē      *fox*
4. dlūnē      *mouse*
5. dētsédle      *small amount*
6. úzē      *hawk*
7. gēs      *salmon*
8. itl'ēt      *lowbush cranberries*
9. dene      *person*
10. gédéni      *woman*

**Kaska Listening Exercises  
Pelly Banks Dialect  
e and ē**

Examples of e

etsén        *meat*  
ele            *branch*

Examples of ē

bēs            *knife*  
elēs          *lick*

1. Kēdāgāné' etsén dētl'ule dege etie.  
*The front leg of a moose is good for strip meat.*
2. Ts'édé' néstlōni dechedle dege ikēt.  
*He's buying lots of blankets for his younger brother.*
3. Nussē dih ētsēt.  
*The fox ate a willow grouse.*
4. Gēs tése'ētl.  
*The salmon are coming (spawning).*
5. Úzē men kah nāné dēnést'ak.  
*The hawk flew across the lake.*
6. Itl'ēt lā néstlōni dzenēbé'.  
*We picked lots of cranberries.*
7. Bēs esyēnlē.  
*Give me the knives.*
8. Debē lā néstlōni elēs kúhyegé.  
*There are lots of mountain sheep at the lick.*
9. Tl'ēt elígé' yéh kón dáhk'ān.  
*He started a fire with one match.*
10. Tūchō Mené' gagáh gédēni wēde kedatsén geht'ēs.  
*The women always fry moose meat at Frances Lake.*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### a and ā

#### Examples of a

tsá'        *beaver*

sas        *bear*

1. kedā        *moose*

2. gah        *rabbit*

3. megāné'        *his/her arm*

4. shōbā        *poplar*

5. met'agé'        *its wing*

6. mā        *who*

7. áhdā        *eagle*

8. ek'ah        *fat*

9. tsās        *bear-roots*

10. dahkádle'        *raspberries*

#### Examples of ā

esbā        *mountain goat*

núsdā        *lynx*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**a and ā**

Examples of a

tsá'            *beaver*  
 sas            *bear*

Examples of ā

esbā            *mountain goat*  
 núsđā            *lynx*

1. Men mā nāsdī' kedā nézet.  
*There is a moose standing across the lake.*
2. Tsuhel kehnehsi kā tahkādle' láné néstlōn.  
*There are lots of raspberries on the hillside.*
3. Shobā dent'ās.  
*Cut the poplar (with a saw).*
4. Łedzedet'ē gah kedzedes'āts.  
*Two of us went hunting for rabbits.*
5. Nóghā Mené' gāgáh sas tsās kā kúnguts'ít.  
*A bear was digging for bear-roots beside Wolverine Lake.*
6. Tsá'chené' kā mek'ah gúlīn.  
*The beaver's fat is on its back.*
7. Ts'édāne tēdéhyes.  
*The children ran away.*
8. Memōmǎ' esbā gānahtān.  
*His mother saw a mountain goat.*
9. Tachah tsá' kā hēt nédzedēleť.  
*Tomorrow we'll go set traps for beavers.*
10. Ts'āle dādīntāna?  
*Where did you put the spoon?*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### a and e

#### Examples of a

gah        *rabbit*  
 sas        *black bear*

#### Examples of e

mebét    *its belly*  
 dechen    *stick*

1.    tseli            *gopher, arctic ground squirrel*
2.    metl'á'          *its rump*
3.    desk'eshe       *grayling*
4.    degaye          *trumpeter swan*
5.    ghaje            *Canada goose*
6.    áhdā            *eagle*
7.    mésdzih        *owl*
8.    estsets          *I'm eating*
9.    medé'           *its beak*
10.  ejen            *he's singing*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**a and e**

Examples of a

gah            *rabbit*  
 sas            *bear*

Examples of e

mebét        *its belly*  
 dechen       *stick*

1.    Nahk'áse dedíh-am?  
       *Are your throats sore?*
2.    Yē kah kédendā?  
       *Why are you saying that?*
3.    Sa'ă lēgújá'.  
       *It happened a long time ago.*
4.    Men mā tédededze néstlón.  
       *There is a lot of driftwood along the lake shore.*
5.    Esahdi gédahi megānestān.  
       *I saw him walking around alone.*
6.    Kedāzēs ts'ih tl'ūł genelá'.  
       *They made rope from moosehide.*
7.    Neshegenéstēts.  
       *They went back to sleep.*
8.    Mets'édāné' hígédet'ē mets'idēh legēske'.  
       *Her children both sat facing her.*
9.    “Metsēhlī',” dī'.  
       *“Leave it alone,” he said.*
10.   Gah kah gédah.  
       *He walked around looking for rabbits.*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### i and e

#### Examples of i

dīh            *grouse*

hīh            *animal*

1.    det'ele            *red*

2.    tseli                *gopher, arctic ground squirrel*

3.    ele                    *branch*

4.    tli'i                    *dog*

5.    mets'i'                *his head*

6.    ets'en                *meat*

7.    lūgee                 *fish*

8.    mésdz'ih             *owl*

9.    itl'ét                *lowbush cranberries*

10.   dz'idze             *berries*

#### Examples of e

ezés            *hide*

estsets        *I'm eating*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**i, ī and e**

Examples of i

dīh            *grouse*  
hīh            *animal*

Examples of e

ezés            *hide*  
estsets        *I'm eating*

1.    Dedi itl'ét nédet'ele.  
*The cranberries are red (ripe).*
2.    Tlī' zódze gégeh.  
*He packed the puppy around.*
3.    Jāni guts'ih kánénjā.  
*Turn back from here.*
4.    Eǰígé' guskāni mezī' Eddy gúye, éhdī.  
*He said one white man's name was Eddy.*
5.    Łūge hígedet'ē tésela'.  
*He caught two fish.*
6.    Dūlá meyésdīh.  
*I don't know.*
7.    Tsá gutsí' túhtseyi gudlī gudī'.  
*Far down a loon made a plaintive cry.*
8.    Meyéhǰígé' mets'ī' dezān.  
*His wife was mad at him.*
9.    Tseli néstlōn dzedéhhīn.  
*We killed a lot of gophers.*
10.   Gedéní ehǰígé' dzídze néstlōn nēsbé'.  
*One woman picked lots of berries.*

## Kaska Listening Exercises

### Pelly Banks Dialect

#### o and u

#### Examples of o

kón        *fire*

chosh      *feathers*

1.    gudzih        *caribou*

2.    nussē         *fox*

3.    met'oh         *its nest*

4.    ustsédzí      *I'm going to eat*

5.    noghā         *wolverine*

6.    nusdā         *lynx*

7.    mek'os         *his/her neck*

8.    megót         *his/her knee*

9.    gussíe         *spider*

10.   hos            *thorn*

#### Examples of u

tu'         *water*

meyú'      *his/her teeth*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**o and u**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**

Examples of o

kón            *fire*  
 chosh         *feather*

Examples of u

tu'             *water*  
 meyú'         *his/her teeth*

1. Łahtāde gudziḥ kúhdegé dutl'á sǐ.  
*The caribou might run away up there.*
2. Túdet'oh kúhnáné se'ān.  
*The duck has its nest across (the lake).*
3. Gústsǐe demílé' detl'uh.  
*The spider is spinning its web.*
4. Megót dudíhí sǐ.  
*His knee is going to be sore.*
5. Héyúdzídzé' mehósé' gúlīn.  
*Goosesberries have thorns.*
6. Kón dénhk'á.  
*Start a fire.*
7. Dene gukédikóa ts'í' dīnyá dé' lekún esdege unkédí dé'.  
*If you go to the store, buy me some socks.*
8. Edeghoḥ yéh gudziḥzés kādighoḥ.  
*She's scraping a caribou hide with a scraper.*
9. Kóa néstlōni kúhdegé gudzulé sǐ.  
*We're going to build lots of houses up there.*
10. Kedāk'os u'úní sǐ.  
*He'll shoot the moose in the neck.*

## Kaska Listening Exercise

### Pelly Banks Dialect

### High and Low Tone

#### examples of low tone

shōbā      *poplar*

ele          *branch*

1. dlēze

*grizzly bear*

2. nésdā

*lynx*

3. dech'ue

*porcupine*

4. debetá'

*ram, male mountain sheep*

5. ts'íyōné

*wolf*

6. nóghā

*wolverine*

7. medé'

*its horns*

8. ezés

*hide*

9. són

*star*

10. ts'édé'

*blanket*

#### examples of high tone

dzídze      *berries*

mezí'      *his/her body*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**High and Low Tone**

low tone as in

gudzih      caribou

high tone as in

mebét      his/her belly

1. Mā sedétsega?  
*Who understands me?*
2. Kedātsén entsedz-am?  
*Are you eating moose meat?*
3. Dene yéh tsá āsyāł.  
*I walked downstream with people.*
4. Łūge zōze yéh ts'édāne kāgentah.  
*The children were playing with little fish.*
5. Tsosk'ā yélé nedúé.  
*Even the camprobbers were gone.*
6. Mechedle shenetīn.  
*His younger brother is sleeping.*
7. Bēs łá mek'á' gúlīn.  
*The knife was really sharp.*
8. Tū' Łīdlīni kúhyegé nésde'.  
*I live in Ross River.*
9. Deyéhłíge k'éh dáhtl'a'.  
*She ran after her husband.*
10. Gah dege mīł tēgentsīn.  
*They all made rabbit snares.*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**  
**tones on long vowels**

Example of long low tone

momā      *mom*

Example of rising tone

memōmǎ'      *their/his/her mother*

Example of long high tone

medédzé'      *his/her younger sister*

Example of falling tone

bāsk'â      *seagull*

1.    dlēze              *grizzly bear*
2.    melě'              *his/her dog*
3.    tēkēt              *he's going by the boat*
4.    nussē              *fox*
5.    esbā              *mountain goat*
6.    dlūne              *mouse*
7.    ts'íyōné'          *wolf*
8.    bēdî              *trout*
9.    medǎ'              *his/her eye*
10.   metsū              *his grandmother*

**Kaska Listening Exercises**  
**tones and long vowels**  
**Pelly Banks Dialect**

Example of long low tone

mōmā      *mom*

Example of rising tone

memōmă      *his/her mother*

Example of long high tone

medédzé'      *his/her younger sister*

Example of falling tone

bāsk'â      *seagull*

1.      Kulāhúné' lénāsdāł.  
*I finally arrived home.*
2.      Tsās kîhch'eł.  
*He pulled out bear-roots.*
3.      Tū' Łídlini ts'í' āyāł.  
*He's walking to Ross River.*
4.      Metsū kedātsén etsets.  
*His grandmother is eating moosemeat.*
5.      Bēdî dege deşetl'ūn.  
*He set a net for trout.*
6.      Debē łă néstlōn ahnāné.  
*There are lots of mountain sheep across (the lake).*
7.      Mésgâ det'oh sehtsīn.  
*The raven made its nest.*
8.      Mā tūzeł kēnt'ēdé kēdéhtsēt et'ā?  
*Who ate all the soup?*
9.      Medāde kúk'ā medege nede'ān.  
*His older sister brought him a cup.*
10.      Estlē lāt'ā.  
*She's my sister-in-law.*